



# A place to call home in Hennepin County

2015

Access to safe, affordable homes builds a strong foundation for families and communities. Yet even hard working Minnesotans often lack good housing options.

*In Hennepin County, 10% of owner and 25% of renter households pay half or more of their income for housing, which places them at-risk for being unable to afford some of their basic needs.<sup>1</sup>*

## RENTAL KEY TO VITALITY, BUT IN SHORT SUPPLY

For many, rental is the most sensible or preferred housing option. Seniors may not be able to manage owning a home. Many do not have the savings or credit to qualify for mortgages or are working to pay off debt. Workers relocating for jobs are also likely to need places to rent. **About 36% of households in Hennepin County are renters.<sup>2</sup>**

A safe, modest 2-bedroom apartment costs \$996 per month in Hennepin County.<sup>3</sup> A family could affordably spend \$880 per month on rent at the median renter household income of \$35,185.<sup>4</sup> By definition, half of the county's renters earn less than this median and need less expensive housing.

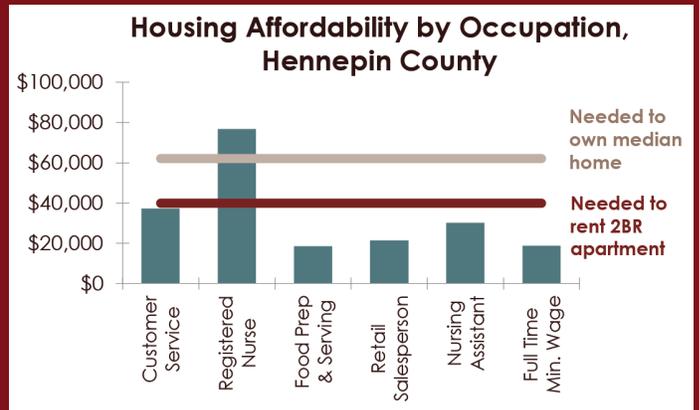
There are now **only 34 units affordable and available for every 100 extremely low-income renters in Hennepin County.<sup>5</sup>** The county ranks 76 out of the state's 87 counties for the most units affordable/available.

In Hennepin County, 33% of rental homes were built before 1960.<sup>6</sup> Aging rental housing stock often needs repair and can pose safety concerns.

## RENTER INCOMES SLOW TO RECOVER

Despite recent improvements in the economy, renter incomes are still below 2000 levels in most Minnesota counties. According to the most recent data available for Hennepin County, renter incomes have fallen by 17% since 2000 while rents have risen by 4%, after adjusting for inflation.<sup>7</sup>

## Wages for jobs in demand are often insufficient to cover the cost of housing.



The median earnings for the **TOP FIVE JOBS IN DEMAND** in Minnesota do not all cover actual housing costs, the chart above shows.<sup>8</sup> Minimum wage workers also fall short.

For vacant positions in Hennepin County and counties nearby, the median hourly wage is \$19.18 for full time jobs, which corresponds to \$39,894 annually at 40 hours/week. Vacant part time jobs pay only \$10.99 per hour.<sup>9</sup>

At the new state minimum wage of \$9 per hour, an earner would have to work 85 hours per week to afford the \$996 fair market rent for a 2-bedroom apartment in Hennepin County, without paying more than 30% of income for housing.<sup>10</sup>

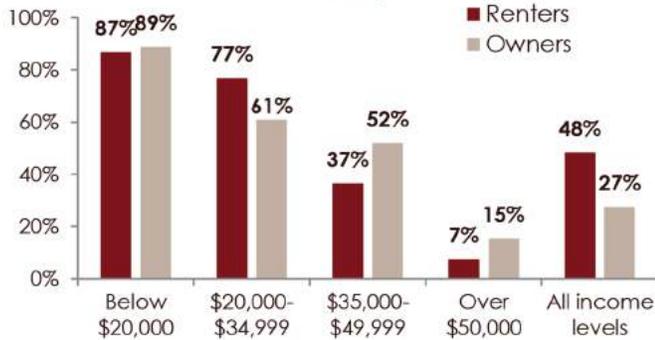
## Minnesota Housing Partnership

2446 University Avenue West, Suite 140  
Saint Paul, MN 55114-1740  
www.mhponline.org p: 651-651-1710 f: 651-649-1725



For some households in Hennepin County, housing consumes 30% or more of their income. **This can force lower-income people, especially, to forego other basic needs, such as food.**

**Proportion of Households Paying 30% or More of Income for Housing, Hennepin County**



**Number of Households Cost Burdened<sup>11</sup>**

Household Income	Renters	Owners
Below \$20,000	43,407	16,173
\$20,00—\$34,999	26,779	16,150
\$35,000—\$49,999	9,804	16,268
Over \$50,000	4,321	35,569

## New Construction

Building permits for 20,927 new housing units were issued in Hennepin County in 2009-14. Of these, 13,724 units were in multifamily buildings, which are likely to be for rental housing.<sup>12</sup> Rental construction has been limited across much of Greater Minnesota. In larger metropolitan areas, new rental construction has tilted towards more profitable

## Owning a Home

64% of households in Hennepin County own a home.<sup>13</sup>

- In 2010, for white, non-Hispanic households, the county's ownership rate was 72%, compared to 34% for households of color. **As a state, Minnesota has one of the largest racial homeownership gaps in the nation.**<sup>14</sup>
- 43% of owned homes in the county were built before 1960.<sup>15</sup> Older homes often have a substantial need for repair.
- The median sales price for non-foreclosed homes in Hennepin County is about \$225,000, a real decrease of about 19% since 2006.<sup>16</sup>

## Minnesotans of all ages are affected by homelessness and unaffordable housing.

An estimated 14,000 Minnesotans were homeless on a given night in 2012. Homelessness increased by 32% statewide from 2006 to 2012.<sup>17</sup>

On that given night, 4,316 people were known to be homeless in the Hennepin County Region including:

- 1,623 children with their parents
- 384 youth 21 or younger living on their own
- 327 seniors aged 55+.<sup>18</sup>

**Unstable housing can hinder children's development and education.**

About half of those experiencing homelessness in Minnesota are age 21 or younger.<sup>19</sup> Homelessness can cause delays in growth and development, as well as problems in school. Housing subsidies have been linked with better nutrition and school success for poor children.

In 2013, 15% of children in Hennepin County were living in poverty, up from 12% in 2003.<sup>20</sup>

**More seniors face housing needs.**

The number of seniors living in Minnesota is expected to grow as the Baby Boomer generation ages. In Hennepin County, between 2014 and 2030, the number of residents aged 65+ is expected to increase by about 90%; seniors will then make up 24% of the population.<sup>21</sup>

Unfortunately, housing cost burden, or paying 30% or more of income for housing, is a serious problem among seniors. Of the 88,592 senior-headed households in Hennepin County, about 65% of renters and 30% of owners are currently cost-burdened.<sup>22</sup>

Seniors were also among the fastest growing segments of the state's homeless population between 2009 and 2012.<sup>23</sup>

SOURCES: 1 American Community Survey (ACS) 2009-13. 2 Ibid. 3 HUD Fair Market Rent, 2015. 4 ACS 2009-13. 5 Analysis of CHAS 2008-12 data using NLIHC method. 6 ACS 2009-13. 7 US Census 2000 & ACS 2009-13. 8 MN Occupations in Demand (OID) & OES Wage Data by EDR (Q1 2015), MN DEED; HUD FMRs, 2015; MN DOR Sales Ratio Study, Jan-Sept 2014. 9 MN DEED Job Vac. Surv., Q4 2014. 10 HUD FMR 2015 & MN Dept of Labor. 11 ACS 2009-13. 12 US Census Bureau, 2009-14. 13 ACS 2009-13. 14 US Census 2010. 15 ACS 2009-13. 16 MN DOR Sales Ratio Study, 2006 & Jan-Sept 2014. 17 Wilder Research Center, 2006 & 2012. 18 Ibid. 19 Ibid. 20 SAIPE 2003 & 2013. 21 MN State Demographic Ctr 2014. 22 ACS 2009-13. 23 Wilder Rsch Ctr, 2012.